

A Process for Model Transformation Testing

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Background

- A process initially defined while I was visiting at UofT, using their Class diagram to ER diagram as a case study in Eclipse ATL transformation environment
- After returning to Finland, extended with a more realistic case study of EAST-ADL model transformations in MetaEdit+
- In both cases, input domain is modelled using OSMO MBT, tests generated and executed against the real SUT (MT engine), the described process is fully applied and results verified in several iterations
- The paper gives practical experiences on building overall process for model transformation testing



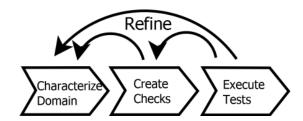
A Model Transformation

- Use of models as design artifacts increasingly popular,
 - Model Driven Design,
 - Domain Specific Modeling,
 - Model-Based Testing, ...
- Models need to be processed across different tools, transformed between abstraction levels, etc.
- Correctness of model transformation is crucial
 - If one model is wrong, that part of the system is broken
 - If the transformation is wrong, potentially all output is broken



High-Level Process

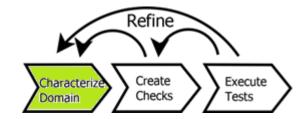
- Characterize Domain
- 2. Create Checks
- 3. Execute Tests



- During the first two phases, we build a test model to represent our understanding of
 - what the important properties of the transformation are,
 - how they are represented, and
 - how they are verified
- We then generate and execute tests, refine our understanding/test models continuously



Characterize Domain



- A set of questions to guide the characterization:
 - What is the purpose of the transformation?
 - For each input (meta)model element:
 - Is it relevant (in scope) for the transformation?
 - How is it (or should be) affected by the transformation?
 - What should be produced for it in the output?
 - Does it have any other impact on the transformation?
- To identify
 - Transformation purpose, the important elements to test
 - To define a set of high-level transformation rules to analyze, the effective metamodel, and the coverage criteria

20/10/2015 5

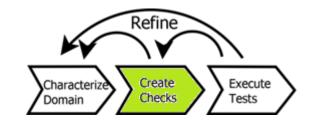


Coverage Criteria and Tool Support

- Coverage category combinations
 - Various options (e.g., literature):
 - Generic categories based on any Effective Metamodel (EM)
 - Knowledge based (KB) for specific important elements
 - Our approach:
 - Start with generic options for EM
 - Refine tighter with KB pruning
 - 0,1,N/1,2,N, ...
- White-box tools can assist in identifying the (current) EM
 - Also relevant for what is in coverage
 - However, does not tell if the EM is correct



Create Checks

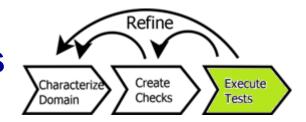


- Using transformation rules and coverage criteria as input, define a set of test oracles for the defined input(s)
- Combining various types, e.g.,
 - Reference models, e.g., existing production samples
 - Generic checks, e.g., metamodel conformance
 - Rules (invariants) over generated inputs vs outputs
- Our process (iteratively repeated):
 - Define a check at least for each transformation rule.
 - Combine checks for the same elements.
 - Map the checks to the concrete output.
 - Review with domain expert.

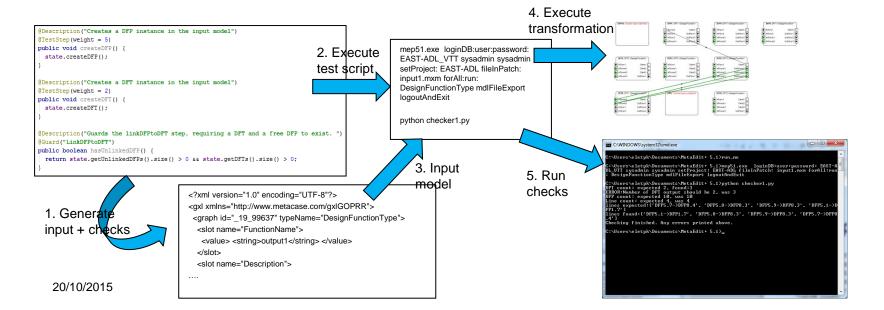
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Create & Execute Tests



- Create a set of tests for capture the domain characterization as well as the checks required
- Reference inputs and outputs as a starting point
- Large scale variation with test generators where needed
- Aiming to cover the coverage criteria defined



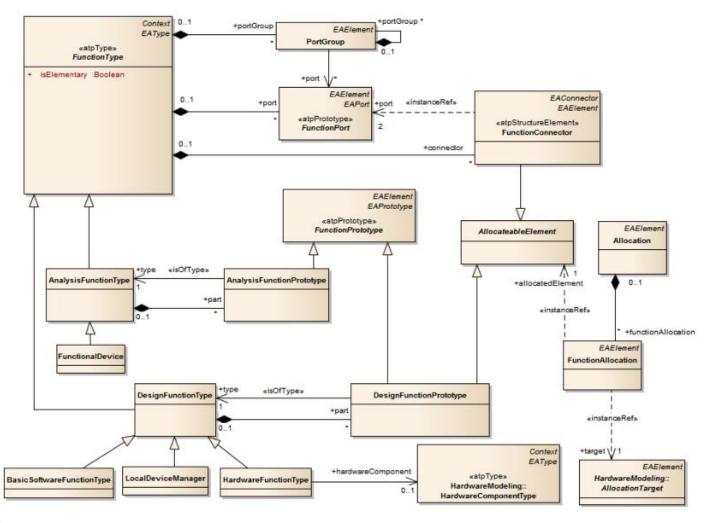


Example: EAST-ADL ME+ to Simulink MT

- EAST-ADL is an Architecture Definition Language (ADL) for the automotive domain
- Typical use case:
 - Use MetaEdit+ with EAST-ADL to define static architecture
 - Use Simulink to describe the component behavior
- MetaEdit+ provides 3 transformations
 - MetaEdit+ to Simulink
 - Simulink back to MetaEdit+
 - Verify that the two are still a match
- We take an example subset to illustrate the process

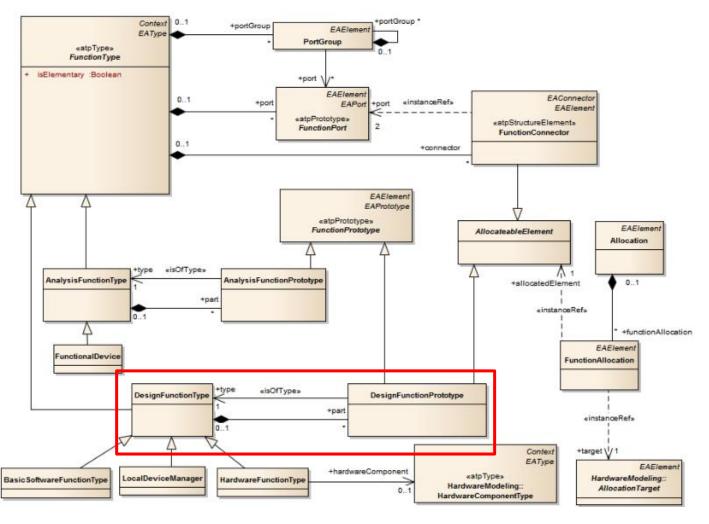


EAST-ADL Metamodel (partial, ~5%)



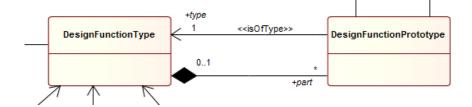


Transformation Effective Metamodel





Rules

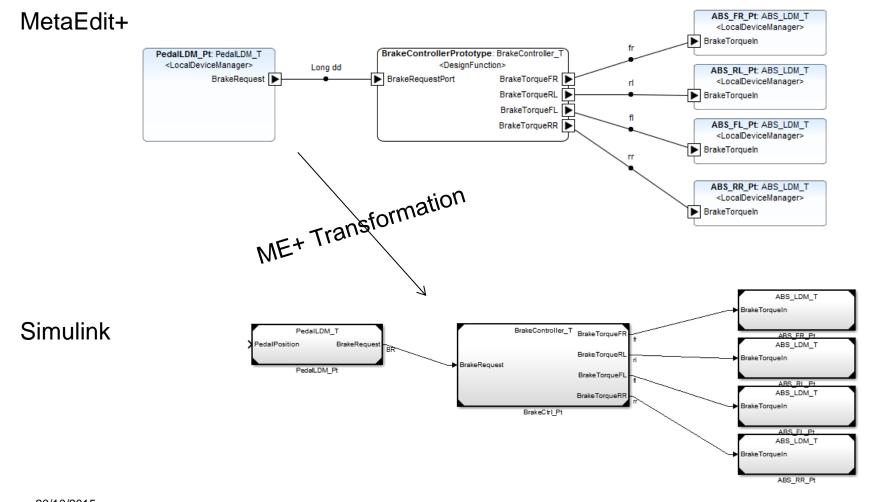


- ~70 rules identified
- Examples from transforming ME+ DFP's to Simulink Blocks:
- For each DFP, create a Block and for this
- Add BlockType with static value ModelReference
- Add Name, with value of Short name from DFP.
- Add SID, with increasing unique integer.
- If Description is defined for DFP, add Description with this value from DFP.
- Add AttributeFormatString, with value of Name from DFP.
- Add ModelNameDialog, with value of FunctionName from DFP.
- Add ModelReferenceVersion with static value 1.0

- Add List and inside it
 - Add ListType with static value InputPortNames
 - For each InFlowPort in DFP
 - Add port X where X is an increasing integer, with value of Short name from InFlowPort
 - For each InPowerPort in DFP, do the same as for InFlowPort
 - For each ServerPort in DFP, do the same as for InFlowPort
- Add List and inside it
 - Add ListType with static value outputPortNames
 - For each OutFlowPort in DFP,
 - Add port X where X is increasing integer, with value of Short name from OutFlowPort
 - For each OutPowerPort in DFP, do the same as for OutFlowPort
 - For each ClientPort in DFP, do the same as for OutFlowPort



Example: A brakecontroller MT





Test Model Elements for ME+ to Simulink

- Adaptation of sequence/ state-based test generation
- Traditionally generating sequences of test steps, interacting with the SUT in different states
- Instead, model steps build test models, and MT is executed once in the end
- Coverage measured as model element combinations

Example rules & actions:

Rules	Actions
Always allowed	Create a DFT
Always allowed	Create a DFP
DFT's > 0 && unlinked DFP's > 0	Link DFT to DFP
DFT's > 0	Add InFlowPort to DFT
DFT's > 0	Add OutFlowPort to DFT
DFT's with no description > 0	Add description to DFT



Coverage Elements

- Combinations of model elements as seen important
 - Base element count
 - DFT/DFP
 - DFP count + port type counts
 - DFP count + port type counts + connection counts
- ~300 combinations, fully covered in 25 tests

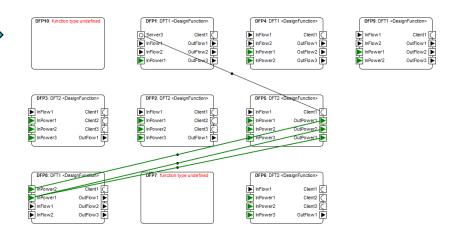
Example coverage categories

Model Element	Categories
DFP	1,2,N
InFlows/DFP	0,1,N
OutFlows/DFP	0,1,N
InPowers/DFP	0,1,N
OutPowers/DFP	0,1,N
Servers/DFP	0,1,N
Clients/DFP	0,1,N
Description	0,1

Example Generated Model



```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<gxl xmlns="http://www.metacase.com/gxlGOPRR">
 <graph id=" 19 99637" typeName="DesignFunctionType">
  <slot name="FunctionName">
   <value> <string>output1</string> </value>
  </slot>
  <slot name="Description">
   <value> <text>Holder for everything else</text> </value>
  </slot>
 <object id="178247" typeName="DesignFunctionPrototype">
  <slot name="Short name">
   <value> <string>DFP1</string> </value>
  </slot>
  <slot name="Description">
   <value> <text>Description178247</text> </value>
  </slot>
  <graph id="178272" typeName="DesignFunctionType">
   <slot name="FunctionName">
    <value> <string>DFT1</string> </value>
   </slot>
   <slot name="Description">
    <value> <text>g149M</text> </value>
   </slot>
   <object id="178274" typeName="InFlowPort">
    <slot name="Short name">
     <value> <string>InFlow1</string> </value>
    </slot>
```



Warning Type undefined for: DFP10.function type undefined CleasignFunctionPrototype>. Please define a suitable subgraph for it (Ctrl + double click the object)!
Warning Type undefined for: DEPT function type undefined Depth function type undefined Depth function type undefined <a href="Depth function type undefined Depth function type undefined <a href="Depth function

Coverage criteria met with this model:

- 1 Client server line
- N InPower OutPower lines
- N − " − lines with single input
- N undefined DFT for DFP
- N unconnected lines (various type)

• ...

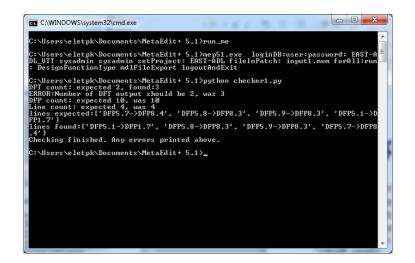


Example generated checks

```
def check(value, error):
dfts = glob.glob("reports/DFT*.mdl")
dft count = len(dfts)
print("DFT count: expected "+str(2)+", found:"+str(dft count))
check(dft_count == 2, "Number of DFT output should be 2, was
"+str(dft count))
dfp inports = {"DFP10":0, "DFP9":10, "DFP8":10, "DFP7":0,
"DFP6":5, "DFP5":5, "DFP4":10, "DFP3":5, "DFP2":5, "DFP1":10}
dfp outports = {"DFP10":0, "DFP9":6, "DFP8":6, "DFP7":0,
"DFP6":9, "DFP5":9, "DFP4":6, "DFP3":9, "DFP2":9, "DFP1":6}
dfp descriptions = {"DFP1":"Description178247",
"DFP2": "Description178251", "DFP3": "Description178253",
"DFP4": "Description178256", "DFP5": "Description178258",
"DFP6": "Description178260". "DFP7": "Description178264".
"DFP8": "Description178267", "DFP9": "Description178268",
"DFP10":None}
lines expected = ["DFP5.7->DFP8.4", "DFP5.8->DFP8.3",
"DFP5.9->DFP8.3", "DFP5.1->DFP1.7"]
with open("reports/output1.mdl") as f:
  content = f.readlines()
in line = False
for line in content:
  I = line.strip()
  if I.startswith("BlockType"):
    check(I.endswith("ModelReference"), "BlockType should
always be 'ModelReference'. For "+str(name)+" found "+l)
```

mep51.exe loginDB:user:password: EAST-ADL_VTT sysadmin sysadmin setProject: EAST-ADL fileInPatch: input1.mxm forAll:run: DesignFunctionType mdlFileExport logoutAndExit

python checker1.py





Experiences

- Issues found in all stages of the process
- Modeling phase: ambiguities, misunderstandings and missing requirements
- Manually created and reference models find the most obvious issues in the implementation.
- Large scale, automatically generated tests are best at discovering issues with complex interactions and combinations of different elements.
- The modeling environment can already be used to constrain much of the input space beyond the metamodel



Error Types and Handling

- DSL constraints prevent creating illegal inputs
- DSL warns about illegal input but allows creating it and running the transformation
- DSL allows creating illegal input but prevents running the transformation
- Output is illegal but target tool (TT) opens it (showing errors)
- Output is illegal and TT does not even open it
- Output is illegal and TT does not recognize it
- Model is legal for source metamodel but not on target metamodel

- ➤ Flow to Power not possible, InFlow to InFlow not possible
- Prototype does not have type defined, port does not have data type
- ➤ (not in this case), but missing relationship name in XML export
- ➤ Type information deleted from prototype, still connections exist
- Transformation produces broken output, invalid elements, etc.
- > End tag etc missing, input is garbage
- ➤ A port has several incoming flow connections: OK in EAST-ADL, not in Simulink)



Conclusions

- The process is a result of performing systematic MT testing using MBT tools, and distilling a generic process
 - Requires broad expertise and effort
 - Depends on how critical you see your transformation
- Broader, more cost-effective application could be achieved via integrating approach with DSM workbench tooling
 - Already access to metamodels, rules, etc.
 - For example, embed generators, build tests by picking metamodel elements and rules
- Example generator code available at: https://github.com/mukatee/dsm-mbt-example